

## During the year ending February 1990

# LABOUR MOBILITY AUSTRALIA



### LABOUR MOBILITY, AUSTRALIA DURING THE YEAR ENDING FEBRUARY 1990

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#### **CONTENTS**

Table		Page
	Summary of Findings	- 1
1. 2.	Persons who were working at the time of the survey, February 1983 to February 1990— Labour mobility from last job to current job and gender Duration of current job and gender	3 4
3.	Persons who worked at some time during the reference period, February 1983 to February 1990— Whether changed employer/business or locality and gender	5
4.	Persons who worked at some time during the year ending February 1990— Whether changed employer/business or locality, age, marital status and gender Labour mobility from February 1989 to February 1990—	5
5. 6.	Industry Occupation	6 7
7.	Persons who ceased a job during the year ending February 1990— Duration of last job, reason for ceasing last job and gender	8
8. 9.	Persons who were working in February 1990—  Duration of current job—  Industry  Occupation	9
10.	Populations— State and Territory of usual residence	10
	Explanatory Notes Technical Note Glossary Special data services—	11 13 15
	Data items and how to order special tables from this survey	16

#### ADDITIONAL DATA ON REQUEST

The ABS offers a range of unpublished data from this survey upon request.

Refer to page 16 which specifies the data items, categories and populations that relate to the survey. An order form for special tables is included.

The population(s) for a particular data item refers to the persons in the survey to whom the data item relates.

#### SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

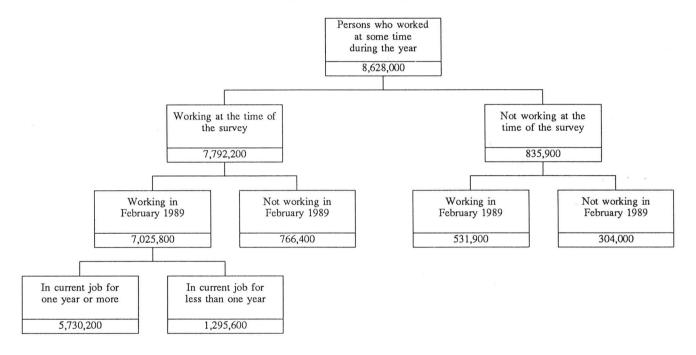
An estimated 8,628,000 persons aged 15 to 69 years had worked at some time during the year ending February 1990. Some 7,792,200 (90%) of these persons were working in February 1990, with the remainder either looking for work (300,700 or 3%) or not in the labour force (535,200 or 6%) (see Table 5).

Of the 7,792,200 persons working in February 1990—

• 74 per cent had been in their current job for the whole year

- 9 per cent had started their current job during the year, and had no previous job during the year
- 18 per cent had changed jobs during the year
- 7 per cent changed industry from previous to current job
- 6 per cent changed occupation from previous to current job (see Table 1)

DIAGRAM 1. PERSONS WHO WORKED AT SOME TIME DURING THE YEAR ENDING FEBRUARY 1990 (Source of data: Table 5)



#### Job mobility

The proportion of persons who were job mobile during the year has increased over the last seven years, from 14 per cent in 1984 to 22 per cent in February 1990. The majority of those who were job mobile changed employer or business (83%). The remaining 17 per cent changed

locality but not employer or business. There was no difference between the job mobility rate (22%) for males and that for females (see Table 3). Of the age groups tabulated, persons aged 20 to 24 were the most job mobile (33%), while those aged 55 to 69 were the least job mobile (8%) (see Table 4).

#### Duration of current job

An estimated 27 per cent of persons working in February 1990 had been in their current job for less than one year, with the proportion being higher for females (29% for females compared to 25% for males). However, a far higher proportion of males than females had been in their current job for ten years or more (27% and 15% respectively) (see Table 2).

Of the 2,061,900 persons who were working in February 1990 and who had been in their current job for less than one year-

- one quarter were in the Wholesale and retail trade industry (see Table 8)
- one fifth were Salespersons and personal service workers (see Table 9)

#### Persons who ceased a job during the year

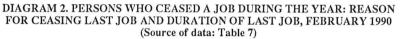
Of the 8,628,000 persons who had worked at some time during the year, 2,201,900 (26%) ceased a job during the year. Of those who had ceased a job, 1,513,500 (69%) were job leavers, while 687,900 (31%) were job losers (see Table 7).

There were 320,800 job leavers (21%) who had changed locality but not employer or business, and 1,192,700 (79%) who had ceased work with an employer or business (see Table 7).

Job losers were predominantly persons who had been retrenched (55%). Of those who were retrenched, 60 per cent were males and 40 per cent were females (see Table 7).

For those persons who ceased a job during the year ending February 1990–

- 65 per cent of job losers had been in their last job for less than one year, compared with 44 per cent of job leavers.
- The percentage of job losers for males and females was almost the same, approximately 31 per cent (see Table 7).



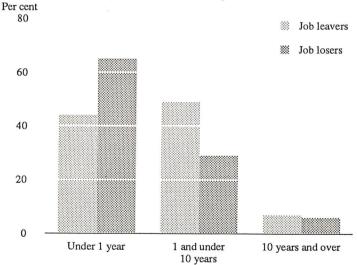


TABLE 1. PERSONS WHO WERE WORKING AT THE TIME OF THE SURVEY : LABOUR MOBILITY FROM LAST JOB TO CURRENT JOB, FEBRUARY 1983 TO FEBRUARY 1990

			S	urvey cond	ucted in Febr	uary—			
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989		1990
			—per	cent—					('000)
			MALES	5					
Working at time of survey	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0(a)	100.0	100.0	100.0	4,568.7
For one year or more	81.2	80.6	79.3	78.2	77.1	75.7	73.7	75.4	3,446.9
For less than one year	18.8	19.4	20.7	21.8	22.7	24.3	26.3	24.6	1,121.8
No previous job during the year	3.9	5.3	5.4	5.1	5.7	5.9	6.4	6.9	315.3
Had a previous job	14.9	14.2	15.4	16.7	17.0	18.4	19.9	17.7	806.5
Same industry(b)	9.3	8.9	9.1	9.9	10.7	11.8	12.2	10.4	476.8
Changed industry(b)	5.6	5.3	6.3	6.8	6.3	6.6	7.7	7.2	329.7
Same occupation(b)	10.5	9.7	10.6	11.5	11.7	12.9	13.9	11.3	518.1
Changed occupation(b)	4.4	4.4	4.8	5.2	5.3	5.5	6.0	6.3	288.4
			FEMALE	ES					
Working at time of survey	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0(a)	100.0	100.0	100.0	3,223.5
For one year or more	76.7	75.5	73.7	71.3	71.0	71.5	69.8	70.8	2,283.3
For less than one year	23.3	24.5	26.3	28.7	28.7	28.5	30.2	29.2	940.2
No previous job during the year	9.9	11.5	11.3	11.8	12.9	11.4	11.4	11.8	380.6
Had a previous job	13.4	12.9	15.1	16.9	15.8	17.1	18.8	17.4	559.8
Same industry(b)	8.1	7.8	8.7	9.6	9.2	10.8	11.3	9.8	317.1
Changed industry(b)	5.4	5.2	6.3	7.2	6.6	6.3	7.5	7.5	242.4
Same occupation(b)	9.3	8.9	10.5	11.2	11.2	12.4	13.2	11.6	373.3
Changed occupation(b)	4.2	4.0	4.6	5.7	4.7	4.7	5.6	5.8	186.3
			PERSON	NS					
Working at time of survey	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0(a)	100.0	100.0	100.0	7,792.2
For one year or more	79.5	78.7	77.1	75.5	74.7	74.0	72.1	73.5	5,730.2
For less than one year	20.5	21.3	22.9	24.5	25.1	26.0	27.9	26.5	2,061.9
No previous job during the year	6.1	7.6	7.6	7.7	8.6	8.1	8.5	8.9	695.9
Had a previous job	14.4	13.7	15.2	16.7	16.5	17.9	19.5	17.5	1,366.0
Same industry(b)	8.8	8.5	8.9	9.8	10.1	11.4	11.9	10.2	793.9
Changed industry(b)	5.5	5.2	6.3	7.0	6.4	6.5	7.6	7.3	572.1
Same occupation(b)	10.1	9.4	10.6	11.4	11.5	12.7	13.6	11.4	891.3
Changed occupation(b)	4.3	4.3	4.7	5.4	5.0	5.2	5.9	6.1	474.7

<sup>(</sup>a) 'Working at time of survey' includes a small number of persons whose duration of February 1987 job could not be determined. (b) As shown in Tables 5 and 6.

TABLE 2. PERSONS WHO WERE WORKING AT THE TIME OF THE SURVEY : DURATION OF CURRENT JOB, FEBRUARY 1983 TO FEBRUARY 1990

			Sı	irvey condu	cted in Febri	uary—					
8	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987(a)	1988	1989	1	990		
Duration of current job				— <i>р</i> е	er cent—				('000)		
MALES  Inder 1 year											
Under 1 year	18.8	19.4	20.8	21.8	22.7	24.3	26.3	24.6	1,121.8		
Under 3 months	7.6	8.6	9.0	9.3	9.4	9.8	11.0	9.6	439.5		
3 and under 6 months	4.0	4.4	4.4	4.8	5.2	5.9	6.0	5.4	246.5		
6 and under 12 months	7.2	6.4	7.3	7.6	8.1	8.6	9.4	9.5	435.8		
1 and under 2 years	13.0	10.1	11.6	12.7	10.6	10.2	10.8	12.0	550.4		
2 and under 3 years	12.0				8.2		7.8	50,000	412.0		
3 and under 5 years	16.0	16.2	15.7	13.7	11.3	12.2	12.5	12.5	569.9		
5 and under 10 years	19.0	18.8	18.7	19.2	17.6	15.5	14.9	15.3	697.9		
10 years and over	21.4		23.9	23.6	29.4	29.0	27.6	26.6	1,216.7		
10 and under 20 years	13.9				18.2	18.0	16.6	16.0	729.9		
20 years and over	7.5	8.2	8.3	8.0	11.3	11.1	11.0	10.7	486.8		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	4,568.7		
			FEMALI	ES							
Under 1 year	23.3	24.5	26.5	28.7	28.7	28.5	30.2	29.2	940.2		
Under 3 months	9.0	10.2	11.2	11.7	11.7	11.3	12.7	11.5	370.5		
3 and under 6 months	5.3	5.6	6.5	7.0	6.8	7.1	7.0	6.4	207.6		
6 and under 12 months	9.0	8.6	8.9	9.9	10.2	10.0	10.5	11.2	362.1		
1 and under 2 years	15.8	13.9	14.5	15.3	14.1	14.1	12.8	15.0	482.8		
2 and under 3 years	14.4	12.7	10.8	10.7	10.6	11.3	11.3	10.8	349.1		
3 and under 5 years	16.7	17.0	17.3	13.8	12.9	14.0	15.0	14.2	456.5		
5 and under 10 years	18.2	18.5	17.4	17.7	17.1	16.3	15.8	15.8	508.0		
10 years and over	11.6	13.4	13.6	13.9	16.4	15.8	14.9	15.1	486.8		
10 and under 20 years	9.0	10.6	10.9	10.9	12.6	12.1	11.5	11.6	373.2		
20 years and over	2.6	2.8	2.7	2.9	3.8	3.7	3.4	3.5	113.7		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	3,223.5		
			PERSON	IS							
Under 1 year	20.5	21.3	22.9	24.5	25.1	26.0	27.9	26.5	2,061.9		
Under 3 months	8.1	9.2	9.8	10.3	10.3	10.4	11.7	10.4	810.0		
3 and under 6 months	4.5	4.9	5.2	5.7	5.9	6.4	6.4	5.8	454.0		
6 and under 12 months	7.9	7.3	7.9	8.5	8.9	9.2	9.8	10.2	797.9		
1 and under 2 years	14.0	11.6	12.7	13.7	12.0	11.8	11.6	13.3	1,033.2		
2 and under 3 years	12.9	11.8	10.0	9.7	9.2	9.8	9.2	9.8	761.1		
3 and under 5 years	16.2	16.5	16.4	13.7	11.9	12.9	13.5	13.2	1,026.4		
5 and under 10 years	18.7	18.7	18.2	18.6	17.4	15.8	15.2	15.5	1,205.9		
10 years and over	17.7	20.1	19.9	19.8	24.2	23.7	22.4	21.9	1,703.5		
10 and under 20 years	12.1	13.9	13.8	13.8	15.9	15.6	14.5	14.2	1,103.0		
20 years and over	5.6	6.2	6.1	6.0	8.3	8.1	7.9	7.7	600.5		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	7,792.2		

<sup>(</sup>a) Totals include a small number of persons whose duration of current job could not be determined.

TABLE 3. PERSONS WHO WORKED AT SOME TIME DURING THE REFERENCE PERIOD : WHETHER CHANGED EMPLOYER/BUSINESS OR LOCALITY, FEBRUARY 1983 TO FEBRUARY 1990

			Surve	y conduc	ted in Febr	uary—			
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987(a)	1988	1989	19	90
Whether changed employer/business									40001
or locality			—per c	ent—					('000)
		MALE	ES						
Job mobile	15.6	14.4	15.5	16.9	17.5	18.8	20.2	22.0	1,084.4
Changed employer/business	11.7	10.8	11.8	13.1	13.1	13.3	14.8	18.3	902.7
Changed locality but not employer/business	3.9	3.6	3.7	3.8	4.4	5.5	5.4	3.7	181.7
Did not change employer/business or locality	84.4	85.6	84.5	83.1	82.3	81.2	79.8	78.0	3,843.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	4,927.6
		FEMAL	ES						
Job mobile	13.7	12.8	15.0	16.6	16.4	17.3	19.1	22.0	813.9
Changed employer/business	10.9	10.2	12.0	13.7	12.8	13.3	15.0	19.0	701.3
Changed locality but not employer/business	2.8	2.5	3.0	2.9	3.5	4.0	4.0	3.0	112.5
Did not change employer/business or locality	86.3	87.2	85.0	83.4	83.4	82.7	80.9	78.0	2,886.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	3,700.4
		PERSO	NS						
Job mobile	14.9	13.8	15.3	16.8	17.1	18.2	19.7	22.0	1,898.3
Changed employer/business	11.4	10.6	11.9	13.3	13.0	13.3	14.9	18.6	1,604.0
Changed locality but not employer/business	3.4	3.2	3.4	3.4	4.1	4.9	4.8	3.4	294.2
Did not change employer/business or locality	85.1	86.2	84.7	83.2	82.8	81.8	80.3	78.0	6,729.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	8,628.0

<sup>(</sup>a) The category 'Did not change employer/business or locality' includes a small number of persons whose labour mobility status could not be determined.

TABLE 4. PERSONS WHO WORKED AT SOME TIME DURING THE YEAR ENDING FEBRUARY 1990: WHETHER CHANGED EMPLOYER/BUSINESS OR LOCALITY BY AGE AND MARITAL STATUS ('000)

****			Age gr	оир				Not-	
Whether changed employer/ business or locality	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-69	Married	married	Total
			MALE	ES					
Job mobile Changed employer/business Changed locality but not	130.6 119.9	206.7 181.4	357.5 296.4	239.1 187.5	103.1 79.0	47.4 38.5	591.3 472.3	493.1 430.4	1,084.4 902.7
Changed locality but not employer/business Did not change employer/	10.7	25.3	61.1	51.7	24.1	8.9	119.0	62.7	181.7
business or locality	344.1	404.0	940.3	963.3	711.7	479.9	2,518.7	1,324.6	3,843.2
Total	474.7	610.7	1,297.8	1,202.4	814.8	527.3	3,110.0	1,817.7	4,927.6
			FEMAI	ES					
Job mobile Changed employer/business Changed locality but not	128.9 122.1	178.6 155.0	238.3 201.2	180.7 151.5	72.2 60.0	15.1 11.6	408.4 344.9	405.4 356.5	813.9 701.3
employer/business Did not change employer/	6.8	23.6	37.2	29.2	12.2	3.5	63.6	49.0	112.5
business or locality	309.8	362.0	756.5	782.0	478.7	197.5	1,856.6	1,030.0	2,886.5
Total	438.6	540.6	994.8	962.8	550.9	212.6	2,265.0	1,435.4	3,700.4
			PERSO	NS					
Job mobile Changed employer/business	259.5 242.0	385.3 336.3	595.8 497.6	419.9 339.0	175.3 139.0	62.5 50.1	999.8 817.2	898.5 786.9	1,898.3 1,604.0
Changed locality but not employer/business Did not change employer/	17.5	49.0	98.2	80.9	36.3	12.4	182.6	111.6	294.2
business or locality	653.9	766.0	1,696.8	1,745.3	1,190.3	677.4	4,375.2	2,354.6	6,729.8
Total	913.4	1,151.4	2,292.6	2,165.2	1,365.6	739.9	5,375.0	3,253.1	8,628.0

#### TABLE 5. PERSONS WHO WORKED AT SOME TIME DURING THE YEAR ENDING FEBRUARY 1990: LABOUR MOBILITY FROM FEBRUARY 1989 TO FEBRUARY 1990 AND INDUSTRY ('000)

					Working	in Februar	y 1989						
				Indu	stry of Febr	ruary 1989 j	ob						
	Agri- culture, forestry, fishing and hunting	Manu- facturing	Constr- uction	Whole- sale and retail trade	Trans- port and storage	Finance, property and business services	Public admin- istration and defence	Comm- unity services	Recre- ation, personal and other services	Other	Total	Not working in February 1989	Total
Working in February 1990	387.0	1,122.8	560.2	1,408.1	366.7	807.0	328.5	1,223.7	496.2	325.6	7,025.8	766.4	7,792.2
For one year or more in current job	346.6	946.2	444.3	1,106.1	305.3	626.2	275.6	1,034.0	372.2	273.5	5,730.2	700.4	5,730.2
For less than one year in current job	40.4	176.6	115.9	301.9	61.4	180.8	52.9	189.7	124.0	52.0	1,295.6	766.4	2,061.9
Same industry as February 1989 job	18.1	89.0	77.7	173.5	34.4	124.0	28.7	136.5	63.3	35.9	781.1	700.4	781.1
Changed industry from February 1989 job	22.4	87.5	38.1	128.5	27.0	56.8	24.1	53.2	60.7	16.1	514.5		514.5
Industry of February 1990 job —													
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting		*2.7	*1.5	3.5	*1.2	*0.8	*0.6	*2.4	*1.8	*0.4	14.9		14.9
Manufacturing	4.3		9.8	30.2	5.0	7.5	*2.6	6.2	7.5	*1.6	74.7		74.7
Construction	*3.2	13.5		13.2	*3.4	4.8	*1.4	*2.0	*3.1	*1.9	46.5		46.5
Wholesale and retail trade	5.9	29.5	9.9		6.4	17.8	4.7	14.6	20.7	*2.2	111.8		111.8
Transport and storage	*1.5	6.9	*2.6	9.5		*2.5	*1.4	*1.7	4.4	*1.7	32.2		32.2
Finance, property and business services	*1.3	10.8	4.3	25.6	4.4		5.4	9.1	9.2	*2.7	72.8		72.8
Public administration and defence	*1.1	4.7	*1.6	4.0	*1.2	4.9		6.6	*3.4	*2.1	29.6		29.6
Community services	*2.6	7.7	*2.9	16.1	*2.7	9.4	4.4		9.7	*2.0	57.5		57.5
Recreation, personal and other services	*1.6	7.9	*3.4	20.2	*1.2	7.0	*2.4	8.3		*0.9	52.9		52.9
Other	*0.8	3.8	*2.1	6.0	*1.4	*2.2	*1.3	*2.3	*1.0	*0.7	21.6		21.6
Looking for work in February 1990	8.9	39.9	21.8	48.4	9.8	18.3	5.8	15.6	25.0	6.9	200.3	100.4	300.7
Not in the labour force in February 1990	19.6	47.4	14.3	76.0	13.7	29.3	12.6	71.1	37.3	10.5	331.6	203.6	535.2
Total	415.5	1,210.1	596.4	1,532.5	390.2	854.5	346.8	1,310.4	558.4	342.9	7,557.7	1,070.3	8,628.0

## TABLE 6. PERSONS WHO WORKED AT SOME TIME DURING THE YEAR ENDING & EBRUARY 1990: LABOUR MOBILITY FROM FEBRUARY 1989 TO FEBRUARY 1990 AND OCCUPATION ('000)

				Working	in Februar	y 1989					
			Осси	pation of Feb	ruary 1989	job					
	Managers and adminis- trators	Profess- ionals	Para-pro- fessionals	Trades- persons	Clerks	Sales- persons and personal service workers	Plant and machine operators, and drivers	Labourers and related workers	Total	Not working in February 1989	Total
Working in February 1990	833.5	892.0	424.6	1,120.3	1,224.6	951.4	546.6	1,032.7	7,025.8	766.4	7,792.2
For one year or more in current job	730.8	735.2	345.7	925.1	992.9	711.4	449.8	839.3	5,730.2		5,730.2
For less than one year in current job	102.8	156.8	78.9	195.2	231.7	240.0	96.8	193.4	1,295.6	766.4	2,061.9
Same occupation as February 1989 job	65.5	130.0	57.5	147.0	174.2	144.0	54.9	102.9	876.0		876.0
Changed occupation from February 1989 job	37.3	26.8	21.5	48.2	57.5	96.1	41.9	90.5	419.6		419.6
Occupation of February 1990 job —											
Managers and administrators		4.6	*2.4	3.6	4.6	9.4	*2.2	4.9	31.6		31.6
Professionals	6.5		4.2	*2.4	10.8	12.8	*1.9	4.1	42.6		42.6
Para-professionals	*1.6	*2.2		*2.1	*3.1	4.8	*2.0	3.8	19.6		19.6
Tradespersons	5.3	*2.5	*2.4		*2.4	11.2	8.7	27.3	59.8	• •	59.8
Clerks	6.4	7.8	*3.0	*2.6		33.9	*2.4	12.4	68.5		68.5
Salespersons and personal service workers	9.7	6.0	4.3	8.1	24.7		5.7	22.2	80.6		80.6
Plant and machine operators, and drivers	*2.4	*0.4	*0.9	7.2	*2.8	5.7		16.0	35.4		35.4
Labourers and related workers	5.5	*3.2	4.3	22.2	9.1	18.2	19.0		81.5		81.5
Looking for work in February 1990	11.0	13.9	5.4	33.1	26.9	37.8	18.9	53.2	200.3	100.4	300.7
Not in the labour force in February 1990	24.3	32.7	17.4	32.9	65.5	67.3	20.6	71.0	331.6	203.6	535.2
Total	868.9	938.6	447.4	1,186.3	1,317.0	1,056.5	586.1	1,156.9	7,557.7	1,070.3	8,628.0

TABLE 7. PERSONS WHO CEASED A JOB DURING THE YEAR ENDING FEBRUARY 1990: DURATION OF LAST JOB AND REASON FOR CEASING LAST JOB ('000)

				Red	son for ce	easing last j	ob				
		Job	loser				Job l	eaver			
		Job was			Ceased	a job with e	mployer/i	business			
		tempor-				Job was					
		ary or				tempor-					
		seasonal			Unsatis-	ary or					
		and did				seasonal			Changed		
		not leave	Own ill		work				locality		
		to return		T-1-1		to return	041	T-4-1	but not	Total	T-4-1/-)
Duration of last job	nched	to studies	injury	Total	iions	to studies	Other	1 otat	employer	1 otat	Total(a)
•				MAI				2760	<b>50.0</b>	2254	
Under 1 year	126.0	88.5	15.7	230.3	59.9	41.4	155.5	256.8	78.3	335.1	565.7
Under 3 months	56.8	61.7	6.9	125.3	26.4	31.0	52.0	109.4	27.4	136.8	262.1
3 and under 6 months	34.2	12.8	4.8	51.8	16.7	3.8	37.8	58.3	19.3	77.7	129.8
6 and under 12 months	35.0	14.0	4.1	53.2	16.8	6.6	65.8	89.1	31.6	120.7	173.9
1 and under 2 years	34.3	5.8	*3.2	43.3	18.5	5.2	81.1	104.8	39.9	144.7	188.0
2 and under 3 years	16.4	*2.1	*1.7	20.1	11.5	*2.9	45.6	60.0	24.5	84.5	104.6
3 and under 5 years	17.0	*2.8	*3.3	23.1	9.4	*2.8	49.1	61.3	24.5	85.8	108.9
5 and under 10 years	14.7	*0.9	4.7	20.3	5.8	*0.7	46.4	52.9	22.0	74.9	95.3
10 years and over	19.9	*1.3	9.6	30.8	6.4	*0.1	54.0	60.6	11.6	72.2	103.0
10 and under 20 years	12.5	*1.3	5.2	19.0	4.8	*0.1	33.4	38.4	9.3	47.7 24.6	66.6 36.3
20 years and over	7.4	*0.0	4.3	11.8	*1.6	*0.0	20.6	22.2	*2.4	24.0	30.3
Total	228.3	101.3	38.2	367.9	111.4	53.1	431.8	596.3	200.9	797.2	1,165.4
				FEMA	LES						
Under 1 year	91.5	100.9	22.6	214.9	57.0	44.4	177.8	279.2	47.8	327.0	542.1
Under 3 months	38.3	76.2	8.6	123.1	24.2	27.7	53.7	105.5	17.9	123.5	246.5
3 and under 6 months	26.3	14.8	6.1	47.2	14.5	8.4	47.6	70.6	10.3	80.9	128.2
6 and under 12 months	26.9	9.9	7.8	44.7	18.2	8.3	76.5	103.1	19.6	122.6	167.3
1 and under 2 years	23.9	6.8	6.6	37.4	19.0	6.1	78.0	103.0	22.8	125.8	163.2
2 and under 3 years	12.5	3.8	4.6	20.9	7.2	*2.1	55.3	64.7	15.6	80.3	101.2
3 and under 5 years	9.9	4.0	5.4	19.2	7.1	*3.2	57.1	67.4	18.4	85.8	105.0
5 and under 10 years	8.5	*1.5	5.4	15.4	4.9	*0.9	45.9	51.7	9.8	61.5	76.9
10 years and over	6.9	*2.7	*2.6	12.1	*2.0	*1.1	27.3	30.4	5.6	36.0	48.2
10 and under 20 years	5.0	*1.3	*1.9	8.3	*1.8	*0.8	21.5	24.1	4.9	29.0	37.3
20 years and over	*1.8	*1.4	*0.7	3.9	*0.3	*0.2	5.9	6.4	*0.6	7.0	10.9
Total	153.2	119.6	47.1	320.0	97.2	57.8	441.5	596.4	120.0	716.4	1,036.5
				PERS	ONS						
Under 1 year	217.5	189.4	38.3	445.2	116.9	85.8	333.4	536.0	126.1	662.1	1,107.8
Under 3 months	95.1	137.8	15.5	248.4	50.6	58.6	105.7	214.9	45.3	260.2	508.6
3 and under 6 months	60.5	27.7	10.9	99.0	31.3	12.2	85.4	128.9	29.7	158.6	258.0
6 and under 12 months	62.0	24.0	11.9	97.8	35.0	14.9	142.3	192.2	51.1	243.3	341.2
1 and under 2 years	58.2	12.6	9.8	80.7	37.5	11.2	159.1	207.8	62.7	270.5	351.2
2 and under 3 years	28.9	5.8	6.3	41.0	18.7	5.0	101.0	124.7	40.1	164.8	205.8
3 and under 5 years	26.9	6.8	8.6	42.3	16.4	6.1	106.2	128.7	42.9	171.6	213.9
5 and under 10 years	23.3	*2.3	10.1	35.7	10.6	*1.6	92.3	104.6	31.8	136.4	172.1
10 years and over	26.8	3.9	12.2	42.9	8.4	*1.2	81.3	91.0	17.2	108.2	151.1
10 and under 20 years	17.5	*2.6	7.2	27.2	6.6	*1.0	54.9	62.5	14.2	76.7	103.9
20 years and over	9.3	*1.4	5.0	15.7	*1.9	*0.2	26.4	28.5	*3.0	31.6	47.2
Total	381.6	220.9	85.3	687.9	208.6	110.9	873.3	1,192.7	320.8	1,513.5	2,201.9

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes persons whose reason for ceasing last job was undetermined.

#### TABLE 8. PERSONS WHO WERE WORKING IN FEBRUARY 1990: DURATION OF CURRENT JOB AND INDUSTRY ('000)

					Indu	stry					
Duration of current job	Agri- culture, forestry, fishing and hunting	Manu- facturing	Const- ruction	Whole- sale and retail trade	Trans- port and storage	Finance, property and business services	Public admini- stration and defence	Comm- unity services	Recre- ation, personal and other services	Other	Total
Under 1 year	59.5	264.6	169.1	533.0	88.0	277.8	77.7	307.3	212.4	72.5	2,061.9
Under 3 months	32.7	97.0	67.0	199.9	30.6	103.5	27.3	138.7	89.7	23.6	810.0
3 and under 6 months	11.9	57.2	37.2	126.2	21.0	56.5	16.7	57.2	53.1	16.9	454.0
6 and under 12 months	15.0	110.4	64.8	207.0	36.3	117.7	33.6	111.4	69.6	32.0	797.9
1 and under 2 years	31.5	172.4	83.8	277.5	46.5	130.7	35.8	134.7	96.2	24.2	1,033.2
2 and under 3 years	24.3	124.4	63.8	181.0	35.9	96.6	30.5	122.9	62.6	19.1	761.1
3 and under 5 years	40.7	171.4	70.6	232.2	44.0	120.4	42.4	192.4	72.1	40.0	1,026.4
5 and under 10 years	68.3	193.5	84.8	216.5	59.6	126.1	67.5	248.3	78.3	63.1	1,205.9
10 years and over	181.8	284.6	141.3	198.8	119.4	152.4	99.5	335.7	63.1	127.1	1,703.5
10 and under 20 years	79.0	184.8	89.2	137.1	75.8	102.4	66.9	242.3	46.6	78.8	1,103.0
20 years and over	102.7	99.7	52.1	61.7	43.6	50.0	32.6	93.3	16.6	48.2	600.5
Total	406.1	1,210.9	613.4	1,639.2	393.3	904.0	353.3	1,341.4	584.6	346.0	7,792.2

#### TABLE 9. PERSONS WHO WERE WORKING IN FEBRUARY 1990: DURATION OF CURRENT JOB AND OCCUPATION ('000)

				Оссира	tion				
Duration of current job	Managers and adminis- trators	Profess- ionals	Para- profess- ionals	Trades- persons	P Clerks	Sales- persons and personal service workers	Plant and machine operators, and drivers	Labourers and related workers	Total
Under 1 year	119.3	234.3	108.0	298.0	369.9	426.8	132.8	372.7	2,061.9
Under 3 months	33.9	110.2	36.7	117.3	130.6	169.1	42.4	170.0	810.0
3 and under 6 months	30.0	35.4	24.7	65.8	86.2	100.4	31.5	80.0	454.0
6 and under 12 months	55.4	88.8	46.7	114.9	153.2	157.4	58.8	122.7	797.9
1 and under 2 years	72.9	97.4	49.9	168.8	186.2	210.4	68.4	179.2	1,033.2
2 and under 3 years	72.1	83.9	43.7	128.3	143.0	123.5	49.6	117.0	761.1
3 and under 5 years	109.3	132.7	62.3	167.0	180.5	147.1	74.7	152.8	1,026.4
5 and under 10 years	156.7	160.4	77.2	194.2	214.0	129.2	97.9	176.5	1,205.9
10 years and over	319.9	260.9	112.6	266.7	269.3	101.2	159.2	213.8	1,703.5
10 and under 20 years	157.7	170.2	75.8	174.5	190.1	74.7	103.8	156.2	1,103.0
20 years and over	162.1	90.7	36.7	92.2	79.2	26.5	55.5	57.5	600.5
Total	850.1	969.6	453.7	1,223.1	1,362.9	1,138.2	582.6	1,212.0	7,792.2

## TABLE 10. ALL POPULATIONS BY STATE AND TERRITORY OF USUAL RESIDENCE ('000)

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
Population 1: Persons who worked at some time during the year ending February 1990	2,844.3	2,277.8	1,465.7	723.0	852.7	221.1	82.4	161.0	8,628.0
Population 2: Persons who were working at February 1990	2,575.0	2,083.3	1,301.8	655.6	757.9	198.2	74.3	146.0	7,792.2
Population 3: Persons who were working at February 1990 who changed location from previous job	102.0	65.3	64.5	27.6	39.3	7.1	4.2	11.0	320.8
Population 4: Persons who had more than one job during the year ending February 1990	489.3	410.8	313.4	130.8	193.8	33.3	23.4	37.5	1,632.2
Population 5: Persons who worked at some time during the year ending February 1990 but not at February 1990	269.3	194.5	163.9	67.3	94.7	22.9	8.2	15.0	835.9
Copulation 6: Persons who ceased a job during the year ending February 1990	682.3	541.1	425.0	176.3	253.9	50.0	26.7	46.6	2,201.9
Population 7: Persons who were looking for work at February 1990	191.2	119.3	105.8	55.7	59.0	17.9	6.2	9.2	564.4
Population 8: Persons who were working at February 1989	2,508.3	2,014.8	1,260.0	636.1	733.0	195.7	69.3	140.6	7,557.7
Population 9: Persons who were working at February 1989 and at February 1990	2,333.0	1,885.9	1,160.7	596.3	673.5	180.9	64.8	130.7	7,025.8

#### EXPLANATORY NOTES

#### Introduction

The monthly population survey (which is described in *The Labour Force*, *Australia* (6203.0)), comprises the monthly labour force survey and supplementary topics. This publication contains some results of a supplementary survey run in association with the February 1990 labour force survey conducted throughout Australia.

2. Of the respondents to the labour force survey, those who fell within the scope of the supplementary survey were asked additional questions. They were asked about their our mobility for the 52 weeks up to the end of the before the interview in February 1990. Specific questions related to the duration of current job, whether respondents had changed jobs or not and the number of jobs held during the period.

#### Scope

3. The scope of this supplementary survey was the same as that used for the labour force survey (described in full in *The Labour Force*, *Australia* (6203.0)), except that it excluded persons aged 70 years or more, visitors to private dwellings, students who were boarding at school, patients in hospitals and sanatoriums and inmates of reformatories, gaols, etc.

#### Coverage

4. In the population survey, coverage rules are applied which aim to ensure that each person is associated with only one dwelling, and hence has only one chance of selection. See *The Labour Force*, *Australia* (6203.0) for more details.

#### **Definitions**

- 5. Definitions of labour force and demographic classifications appearing in this publication are given in *The Labour Force*, *Australia* (6203.0).
- 6. Unless otherwise stated, all characteristics referenced in this publication relate to the week before the interview.

#### Results of the survey

- 7. The estimates relate to persons covered by the survey in February 1990. Because of emigration, deaths, etc. not all persons with labour force experience during the period were covered. Labour mobility may relate to experience outside Australia.
- 8. Results of similar surveys, conducted in November 1972, February 1975 and February 1976, and annually since February 1979, have been given in previous issues of this publication.
- 9. It is proposed that this survey will be conducted next in February 1991.

#### Unpublished statistics

10. As well as the statistics included in this and related publications, the ABS may have other relevant unpublished data available. Inquiries should be made to the contact in the Phone Inquiries box at the front of this publication.

#### Comparability of series

11. It is impracticable to obtain information relating to a whole year which is strictly comparable with that obtained in the monthly labour force survey for which the reference period is one week. The definitions used in determining the labour force status of persons in the monthly survey depend on a detailed set of questions asked about a person's labour force activity during the reference week. For the survey of labour mobility, a person is assigned to a labour force category on the basis of a more limited set of questions. It is for this reason that the terms working and looking for work are used in this survey rather than the precisely defined terms employed and unemployed used in the monthly labour force survey.

#### Discontinuities in the series

- 12. The estimates from this survey are not strictly comparable with those obtained from previous surveys. The scope of surveys run prior to February 1990 included persons aged 15 and over. In February 1990 the survey was restricted to exclude all persons aged 70 and over (see paragraph 3). However the effect on the estimates is expected to be small.
- 13. February 1990 and 1989 data have been weighted to conform to population estimates based on the 1986 Census of Population and Housing. Data from the February 1984 to 1988 surveys were based on estimates from the 1981 population census, while the February 1983 survey data were based on estimates from the 1976 census.

#### Survey sample redesign

14. The labour force survey sample has been redesigned and reselected using information collected in the 1986 Population Census. As a result, the standard errors in this Supplementary Survey differ from those for surveys of the same topic run prior to September 1987. For details, see Information Paper—Labour Force Survey—Sample Design (6269.0).

#### Sample size

15. In previous years this supplementary survey has been conducted on either 50 per cent or 75 per cent of the dwellings selected in the labour force survey. For February 1990 this has been expanded to the full sample size. As a result, the standard errors for this survey differ from those applicable to previous surveys.

#### Estimation procedure

16. The estimates are derived from the population survey by use of a ratio estimation procedure, which ensures that the estimates conform to an independently estimated distribution of the population for each capital city and remainder of State by age, gender and labour force status rather than to the corresponding distribution within the sample itself.

#### Reliability of the estimates

17. Estimates in this publication are subject to sampling and non-sampling errors. For more information refer to the Technical Note, page 13.

#### Related publications

18. Other ABS publications which may be of interest include:

The Labour Force, Australia (6203.0)—issued monthly

Labour Force Experience, Australia (6206.0)—issued annually

Internal Migration, Australia (3408.0)—issued annually

19. Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products, Australia* (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a *Publications Advice* (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the following few days. The Catalogue and Publications Advice are available from any ABS office.

#### Symbols and other usages

- \* subject to sampling variability too high for most practical uses. See the Technical Note, page 13.
- r revised
- . . not applicable
- 20. Because estimates have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

#### Electronic services

DISCOVERY Key \*656# for selected current economic, social and demographic statistics.

AUSSTATS. Thousands of up-to-date time series are available on this ABS on-line service. For further information phone the AUSSTATS Help Desk on (06) 252 6017.

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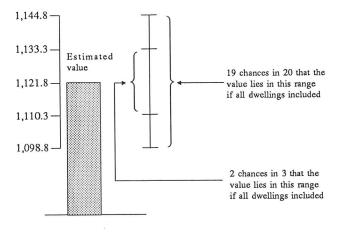
#### Floppy disk service

Selected ABS statistics are available on floppy disk. Further information is available on (06) 252 6684.

#### TECHNICAL NOTE

Since the estimates in this publication are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings, they are subject to sampling variability, that is, they may differ from those that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the number that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. Another measure of the likely difference is the relative standard error, which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate.

- 2. Space does not allow for the separate indication of the standard errors of all estimates in this publication. A table of standard errors for general application is given on the following page. Since they are averages based on calculations for a limited number of past surveys over a wide range of labour force characteristics, these figures will not give a precise measure of the standard error of a particular estimate but they will provide an indication of its magnitude.
- 3. An example of the calculation and the use of standard errors in relation to estimates of persons is as follows. Table 2 shows the estimated number of males who, in February 1990, had been in their current job for less than one year as 1,121,800. Since this estimate is between 1,000,000 and 2,000,000 the standard error for Australia will be between 11,100 and 14,300 in the standard error table and can be approximated as 11,500 (rounded to the nearest 100). Therefore, there are about two chances in three that the value that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey will fall within the range 1,110,300 to 1,133,300 and about nineteen chances in twenty that the value will fall within the range 1,098,800 to 1,144,800. This example is illustrated in the following diagram:



- 4. As can be seen from the standard error table, the smaller the estimate the higher is the relative standard error. Very small estimates are thus subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable uses. In the tables in this publication only estimates with relative standard errors of 25 per cent or less (and percentages based on such estimates) are considered sufficiently reliable for most purposes. However, estimates and percentages with larger relative standard errors have been included, and are preceded by an asterisk (e.g. \*3.4) to indicate they are subject to high standard errors and should be used with caution.
- 5. Proportions and percentages formed from the ratio of two estimates are also subject to sampling error. The size of the error depends on the accuracy of both the numerator and the denominator. A formula to approximate the relative standard error (RSE) of a proportion is:

$$RSE(x/y) = \sqrt{[RSE(x)]^2 - [RSE(y)]^2}$$

- 6. Considering the example from paragraph 3 above, the 1,121,800 males represent 24.6 per cent of the 4,568,700 males working in February 1990. The standard error of 4,568,700 is approximately 18,900, so the relative standard error is 0.4 per cent. The relative standard error for 1,121,800 is 1.0 per cent. Applying the above formula, the relative standard error of the proportion is  $\sqrt{(1.0)^2 (0.4)^2}$  or 0.9 per cent, giving a standard error for the proportion (24.6%) of 0.2 percentage points. Therefore, there are about two chances in three that the proportion of males who had been in their current job for less than one year is between 24.4 per cent and 24.8 per cent and nineteen chances in twenty the proportion is within the range 24.2 per cent to 25.0 per cent.
- 7. Published estimates may also be used to calculate the difference between two survey estimates (of numbers or percentages). Such an estimate is also subject to sampling error. The sampling error of the difference between two estimates depends on their standard errors and the relationship (correlation) between them. An approximate standard error (SE) of the difference between two estimates (x-y) may be calculated by the following formula:

$$SE(x-y) = \sqrt{[SE(x)]^2 + [SE(y)]^2}$$

- 8. While this formula will only be exact for differences between separate and uncorrelated characteristics or subpopulations it is expected to provide a good approximation for all differences likely to be of interest in this publication.
- 9. The imprecision due to sampling variability, which is measured by the standard error, should not be confused with inaccuracies that may occur because of imperfections in reporting by interviewers and respondents and errors made in coding and processing data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as the *non-sampling error*, and they

may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce non-sampling errors to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires,

intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

#### STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES

	NSW	Vic	Qld	SA	WA	Tas	NT	ACT	Aus	tralia
Size of estimate				_	number —				(	Relative standard error per cent)
100			130	110	120	80	130	100	120	117.6
200	230	230	190	160	180	120	170	140	180	89.0
300	290	280	240	200	220	150	210	170	230	75.2
400	340	330	280	230	250	180	240	200	270	66.6
500	380	370	310	260	280	200	260	220	300	60.5
600	420	410	340	280	310	220	280	240	340	55.9
800	480	470	390	330	350	250	320	270	390	49.2
1,000	540	530	440	370	390	280	360	300	450	44.5
1,300	620	610	500	410	440	320	400	340	510	39.6
1,500	660	650	530	440	470	340	430	360	560	37.0
1,800	720	710	580	480	510	360	470	390	610	34.0
2,000	760	750	610	510	540	380	490	410	650	32.4
2,500	850	840	680	560	600	420	540	450	730	29.2
3,000	920	910	740	610	650	450	590	490	800	26.8
3,500	990	980	800	660	700	480	630	520	870	24.9
4,000	1,050	1,050	850	700	740	510	670	550	930	23.3
4,500	1,100	1,100	900	730	780	540	710	580	990	22.0
5,000	1,200	1,150	940	770	820	560	750	600	1,050	20.9
6,000	1,300	1,250	1,000	830	880	600	810	650	1,150	19.1
10,000	1,600	1,600	1,300	1,050	1,100	730	1,050	800	1,500	14.8
20,000	2,200	2,200	1,750	1,400	1,500	920	1,400	1,050	2,050	10.4
50,000	3,250	3,250	2,600	2,050	2,150	1,200	2,150	1,500	3,150	6.3
100,000	4,300	4,300	3,400	2,650	2,850	1,500	3,000	1,900	4,300	4.3
200,000	5,700	5,600	4,500	3,450	3,700	1,750	4,200	2,450	5,800	2.9
300,000	6,600	6,600	5,200	3,950	4,300	1,900		2,800	6,900	2.3
500,000	8,000	7,900	6,300	4,750	5,200	2,100		3,300	8,400	1.7
1,000,000	10,300	10,100	8,100	6,000	6,600				11,100	1.1
2,000,000	13,000	12,800	10,300	7,500	8,400				14,300	0.7
5,000,000	17,600	17,100	13,900						19,700	0.4
10,000,000	21,800								24,800	0.2

#### GLOSSARY

Ceased a job: left or lost a job.

Current job: the job in which the person worked in the week before the interview. Where the person worked in more than one job during this period, the current job was regarded as the main job i.e. the job in which most hours were usually worked.

Duration of current job: the period between the commencement of the current job up to the week before the interview.

Duration of last job: the period between the commencement of the last job up to the week they ceased working in that job.

Industry: unless otherwise specified, all occurrences of industry in this publication refer to Industry Division as defined by the Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC) 1983.

Job:

- (i) employment as a wage or salary earner (or unpaid family helper) by a particular employer, in a particular locality; or
- (ii) self-employment (with or without employees) in a particular locality.

Job leavers: persons who ceased their last job voluntarily, that is: because of unsatisfactory work arrangements/pay/hours; the job was seasonal, temporary or a holiday job and they left that job to return to studies; their last job was running their own business and they closed down or sold that business for reasons other than financial difficulties; or any other reasons. Persons who are currently working who changed locality but not employer or business are also included.

Job losers: persons who ceased their last job involuntarily, that is: were laid off or retrenched from that job; left that job because of their own ill-health or injury; the job was seasonal, temporary or a holiday job and they did not leave that job to return to studies; or their last job was running their own business and the business closed down because of financial difficulties.

Job mobility: defined as a change of job. A change of job may involve a change of employer, regardless of whether a change of locality was involved, or a change of locality without a change of employer. For example, the movement of an employer's operations to premises in a different locality would entail a change of job for employees who moved to the new locality. It should be noted, however, that for a person who works at different sites for the same employer (for example, a construction worker), their base of operations (i.e. the employer's office, depot, yard, etc.) is considered to be their place of work.

Labour mobility: the frequency of movement between jobs over a twelve month period.

Last job: the last job in which employment was ceased during the reference period.

Locality: in capital cities and major towns each suburb is considered to be a different locality.

Looking for work: out of work and looking for a job.

Not in the labour force: not working and not looking for work, as defined.

Occupation: unless otherwise specified, all occurrences of occupation in this publication refer to Major Group as defined by the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations (ASCO) 1986.

Previous job: refer to definition of last job.

Reference period: the 52 weeks up to the end of the week prior to interview.

Working: working or on leave.

#### SPECIAL DATA SERVICES

#### DATA ITEMS AND HOW TO ORDER SPECIAL TABLES FROM THIS SURVEY

The ABS offers a range of unpublished data from this survey upon request. When ordering special tables from this survey, please ensure you identify the **population(s)** and the **data item(s)** that you require.

This section specifies the data items, categories and populations which relate to the survey and includes an order form for special tables.

The population(s) for a particular data item refers to the persons in the survey to whom the data item relates.

#### **POPULATIONS**

- POPULATION 1: Persons who worked at some time during the year ending February 1990
- POPULATION 2: Persons who were working at February 1990
- POPULATION 3: Persons who were working at February 1990 who changed location from previous job
- POPULATION 4: Persons who had more than one job during the year ending February 1990
- POPULATION 5: Persons who worked at some time during the year ending February 1990 but not at February 1990
- POPULATION 6: Persons who ceased a job during the year ending February 1990
- POPULATION 7: Persons who were looking for work at February 1990
- POPULATION 8: Persons who were working at February 1989

POPULATION 9: Persons who were working at February 1989 and at February 1990

DAT	TA ITEM	POPULATION	DATA ITEM POPULAT	ION
1	STATE OF USUAL RESIDENCE New South Wales Victoria Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania Northern Territory Australian Capital Territory	All	6A FAMILY STATUS (1)  Member of a family  Husband or wife  With dependents present  Without dependents present  Sole parent  Other family head  Full-time student aged 15-24 (a)  Other child (b) of married couple or family head	All
2	AREA OF USUAL RESIDENCE Metropolitan Non-metropolitan	, All	Not a member of a family Living alone Not living alone Family status not determined	
3	REGION OF USUAL RESIDENCE Standard labour force dissemination re		<ul><li>(a) Excludes persons aged 20-24 attending school.</li><li>(b) Aged 15 and over.</li></ul>	
4	GENDER Males Females	All	6B FAMILY STATUS (2)  Member of a family  Husband or wife  With children aged 0-14 present  Without children aged 0-14 present	All
5	MARITAL STATUS Married Not-married	All	Sole parent With children aged 0-14 present Without children aged 0-14 present Other family head Full-time student aged 15-24 (a) Other child (b) of married couple or family head Other relative of married couple or family head Not a member of a family Living alone Not living alone Family status not determined	ï
			(a) Excludes persons aged 20-24 attending school.	

(b) Aged 15 and over.

DATA 7A	A ITEM BIRTHPLACE AND PERIOD OF ARRIVAL Born in Australia Born outside Australia Arrived before 1961 Arrived 1961 - 1970	POPULATION All	DATA 11	A ITEM FULL-TIME/PART-TIME STATUS OF CURRENT JOB Full-time Part-time Not asked	POPULATION 2,3,9
	Arrived 1971 - 1980 Arrived 1981 - 1990		12	DURATION OF CURRENT JOB Under 1 year Under 3 months 3 and under 6 months	2,3,9
7B	BIRTHPLACE (1) Born in Australia Born outside Australia(a) Born in main English-speaking counts Born in other countries  (a) Includes persons born at sea. (b) Comprises UK, Ireland, Canada, So USA and New Zealand.			6 and under 12 months 1 and under 2 years 2 and under 3 years 3 and under 5 years 5 and under 10 years 10 years and over 10 and under 20 years 20 years and over	
7C	BIRTHPLACE (2) Born in Australia Born outside Australia (a) Africa America Asia Lebanon Vietnam Other countries in Asia	All	13	OCCUPATION OF CURRENT JOB Managers and administrators Professionals Para-professionals Tradespersons Clerks Salespersons and personal service worked Plant and machine operators, and driver Labourers and related workers	
	Europe Germany Greece Netherlands Italy		14	INDUSTRY OF CURRENT JOB Agriculture, forestry, fishing and huntin Mining Manufacturing	<b>2,3,9</b> g
	Malta Yugoslavia United Kingdom and Ireland Poland Other countries in Europe Oceania New Zealand Other countries in Oceania			Electricity, gas and water Construction Wholesale and retail trade Transport and storage Communication Finance, property and business services Public administration and defence Community services Recreation, personal and other services	ş v - *
	(a) Includes persons born at sea.			Recreation, personal and onler services	
8	AGE 15-19 20-24 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-69	All	15	EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT With post-school qualifications Degree Trade qualification/apprenticeship Certificate or diploma Other Without post-school qualifications Attended highest level of secondary s	All
9	LABOUR FORCE STATUS (at February 1990) In the labour force Working Looking for work Not in the labour force	All		available Did not attend highest level of second available and left at age — 16 years and over 15 years and under Never attended school Secondary school qualifications not d Still at school	
10	STATUS OF WORKER IN CURRE Wage and salary earner Other	NT JOB 2,3,9	16	NUMBER OF EMPLOYERS OR BUSINESSES DURING THE YEAR One Two Three Four or more	1-6,9

DAT	A ITEM POPU	JLATION	DAT	A ITEM POI	PULATION
17	NUMBER OF CHANGES IN LOCALITY DURING THE YEAR Nil One Two Three Four or more	1-6,9	20A	SUMMARY OF JOB CHANGE FROM LAST TO CURRENT JOB  Working at February 1990  For one year or more in current job For less than one year in current job No previous job during the year Had a previous job during the year Not working at February 1990	1,3
18	JOB MOBILITY Job mobile Changed employer/business Changed locality but not employer/business Did not change employer/business or locality	3,5,6,8,9		Began last job more than a year ago Looking for work Not in the labour force Began and ceased a job during the year Looking for work Not in the labour force	
19A	SUMMARY OF JOB CHANGE FROM FEBRUARY 1989 TO FEBRUARY 1990 Working at February 1990 For one year or more in current job For less than one year in current job Not working at February 1989 Working at February 1989 Not working at February 1990 Began last job more than a year ago Looking for work Not in the labour force Began and ceased a job during the year Looking for work Not in the labour force	1,3	20B	SUMMARY OF JOB CHANGE FROM LAST TO CURRENT JOB — INDUSTR Working at February 1990 For one year or more in current job For less than one year in current job No previous job during the year Had a previous job during the year Same industry division Changed industry division Not working at February 1990 Began last job more than a year ago Looking for work Not in the labour force Began and ceased a job during the year	1,3 Y
19B	SUMMARY OF JOB CHANGE FROM FEBRUARY 1989 TO FEBRUARY 1990 — INDUSTRY Working at February 1990	1,3	20C	Looking for work Not in the labour force  SUMMARY OF JOB CHANGE FROM	1,3
19C	For one year or more in current job For less than one year in current job Not working at February 1989 Working at February 1989 Same industry division Changed industry division Not working at February 1990 Began last job more than a year ago Looking for work Not in the labour force Began and ceased a job during the year Looking for work Not in the labour force SUMMARY OF JOB CHANGE FROM	1,3		Working at February 1990  For one year or more in current job For less than one year in current job No previous job during the year Had a previous job during the year Same occupation major group Changed occupation major group Not working at February 1990 Began last job more than a year ago Looking for work Not in the labour force Began and ceased a job during the year Looking for work Not in the labour force	HON
190	FEBRUARY 1989 TO FEBRUARY 1990  — OCCUPATION  Working at February 1990  For one year or more in current job  For less than one year in current job	1,3	21	REASON CHANGED LOCALITY Employment reasons Employer changed locality/business moved other premises Upgatisfactory work conditions	3 I to
	Not working at February 1989 Working at February 1989 Same occupation major group Changed occupation major group Not working at February 1990 Recen lest job more then a year ago			Unsatisfactory work conditions Promotion/secondment Home operator who changed residence Transfer Personal reasons Health, medical reasons (self only)	
	Began last job more than a year ago Looking for work Not in the labour force Began and ceased a job during the year Looking for work Not in the labour force			Wanted a change Personal/family reasons Other reason	

DAT	A ITEM	POPULATION	DATA	A ITEM POPUL	LATION
22	REASON FOR CEASING LAST JOB Job loser Retrenched Job was temporary or seasonal and did not leave to return to studies	A TO WASHING THE PROPERTY OF T	28	WHETHER CHANGED OCCUPATION MAJOR GROUP FROM PREVIOUS JOB Did not change occupation Changed occupation	3
	Own ill health or injury Job leaver Ceased a job with employer/business Unsatisfactory work conditions Job was temporary or seasonal and left to return to studies		29	WHETHER CHANGED INDUSTRY DIVISION FROM PREVIOUS JOB Did not change industry Changed industry	3
	Other Changed locality but not employer Employment reasons Personal reasons Other		30	STATUS OF WORKER AT FEBRUARY 1989 (12 months ago) Wage and salary earner Other	8,9
23	STATUS OF WORKER IN LAST JO Wage and salary earner Other	OB 3,5,6	31	FULL-TIME/PART-TIME STATUS AT FEBRUARY 1989 (12 months ago) Full-time Part-time	8,9
24	FULL-TIME/PART-TIME STATUS (LAST JOB	OF 3,5,6	22	Not asked	9.0
	Full-time Part-time		32	OCCUPATION OF FEBRUARY 1989 JOB (12 months ago) Managers and administrators Professionals	8,9
25	DURATION OF LAST JOB Under 1 year Under 3 months 3 and under 6 months 6 and under 12 months 1 and under 2 years 2 and under 3 years 3 and under 5 years	3,5,6		Para-professionals Tradespersons Clerks Salespersons and personal service workers Plant and machine operators, and drivers Labourers and related workers	
	5 and under 10 years 10 years and over 10 and under 20 years 20 years and over		33	INDUSTRY OF FEBRUARY 1989 JOB (12 months ago) Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting Mining Manufacturing	8,9
26	OCCUPATION OF LAST JOB Managers and administrators Professionals Para-professionals Tradespersons Clerks Salespersons and personal service worke Plant and machine operators, and driver Labourers and related workers			Electricity, gas and water Construction Wholesale and retail trade Transport and storage Communication Finance, property and business services Public administration and defence Community services Recreation, personal and other services	
27	INDUSTRY OF LAST JOB Agriculture, forestry, fishing and huntin Mining Manufacturing Electricity, gas and water	3,5,6 g	34A	WHETHER CHANGED OCCUPATION MAJOR GROUP (FEBRUARY 1989 TO FEBRUARY 1990) Did not change occupation Changed occupation	9
	Construction Wholesale and retail trade Transport and storage Communication Finance, property and business services Public administration and defence Community services		34B	WHETHER CHANGED OCCUPATION MINOR GROUP (FEBRUARY 1989 TO FEBRUARY 1990) Did not change occupation Changed occupation	9
	Recreation, personal and other services		34C	WHETHER CHANGED OCCUPATION UNIT GROUP (FEBRUARY 1989 TO FEBRUARY 1990) Did not change occupation Changed occupation	9

DATA ITEM  35A WHETHER CHANGED INDUS DIVISION (FEBRUARY 1989 T FEBRUARY 1990) Did not change industry Changed industry	DATA ITEM  35C WHETHER CHANGED INDUSTRY GROUP (FEBRUARY 1989 TO FEBRUARY 1990) Did not change industry Changed industry	PULATION 9
35B WHETHER CHANGED INDUS SUB-DIVISION (FEBRUARY 1 FEBRUARY 1990) Did not change industry Changed industry	36 NUMBER OF NEW JOBS STARTED DURING THE YEAR Started a new job One Two Three or more Did not start a new job	All

NOTE: More detailed breakdowns of some data items are available.

#### SPECIAL DATA REQUEST ORDER FORM

#### LABOUR MOBILITY, FEBRUARY 1990

Please specify your special data request(s) on the order form provided on the following page.

The following points should be noted when requesting special tables:

- 1. Table requests will be available on computer printout, floppy disk or microfiche.
- 2. The current cost of special tables is as follows —

No. of data items	
(excluding populations)	Cost per table (\$)
2	120
3	150
4	210
5	300
6 or more	negotiable

- NOTE (i) For tables provided on floppy disk, an additional cost of \$65.00 per disk will be charged;
  - (ii) For tables provided on microfiche, an additional cost of \$50.00, plus \$5.00 per microfiche, will be charged;
  - (iii) Prices quoted are subject to revisions.
- 3. Return the completed order form together with the address advice to —

Assistant Director Labour Force Supplementary Surveys Australian Bureau of Statistics PO Box 10 Belconnen ACT 2616

Labour Mobility, February 1990

- 4. The invoiced cost is payable in full within 28 days of supply.
- 5. Any inquiries about this order should be directed to Ms Sue Doyle on (06) 252 7204.

0	CE — DETACH AND FORWARD TOGETHER WITH YOUR COMPLETED ORDER
Please send my orde	ler and invoice to —
NAME	
ORGANISA'	TION
ADDRESS _	
-	POSTCODE
	TELEPHONE
Signature	Date / /

Labour Mobility, February 1990

### SPECIAL DATA REQUESTS

	TABLE NO.	DATA ITEM NO.	TABLE POPULATION	COST(\$)
xample:	1.	4 (Gender) X 5 (Marital status) X 8 (Age)	2	150
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### NOW AVAILABLE SUPPLEMENTARY SURVEY DATA ON FLOPPY DISK

## floppy disk

- \* Ad hoc requests for labour force published and unpublished supplementary survey data can now be provided on floppy disk.
- \* The disks are suitable for use with common spreadsheet packages on IBM compatible machines.

For further information contact Ms Sue Doyle on Canberra (06) 252 7204 or any ABS State Office.

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ISSN 0729-364X